

The World Nuclear Industry Status Report 2015

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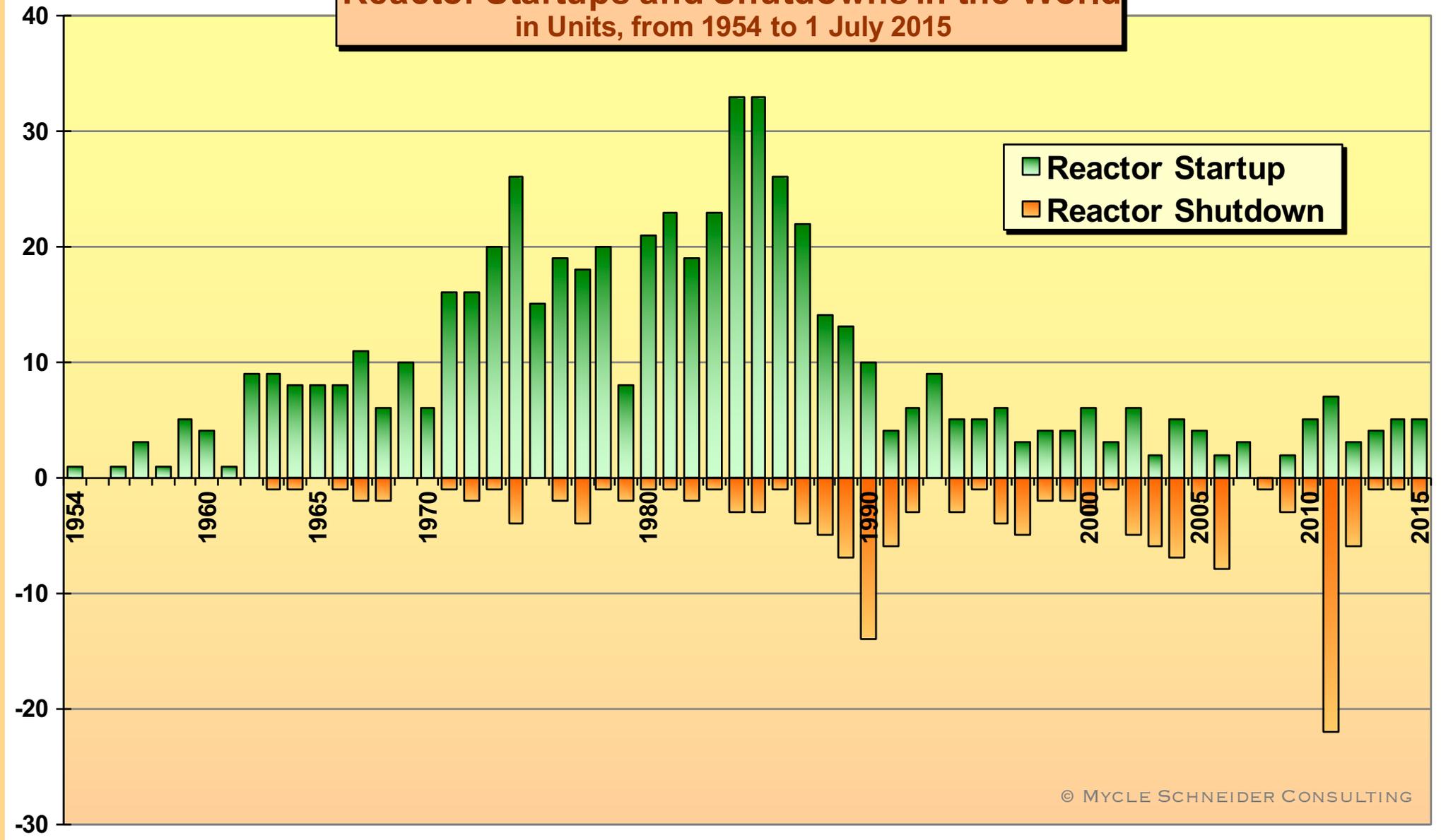
Mycle Schneider

International Consultant on Energy and Nuclear Policy, Paris, France
Convening Lead Author of the World Nuclear Industry Status Report (WNISR)

Atomkraft – Eine nachhaltige Technologie für den Klimaschutz?

DIW, Berlin, 5 November 2015

Reactor Startups and Shutdowns in the World in Units, from 1954 to 1 July 2015

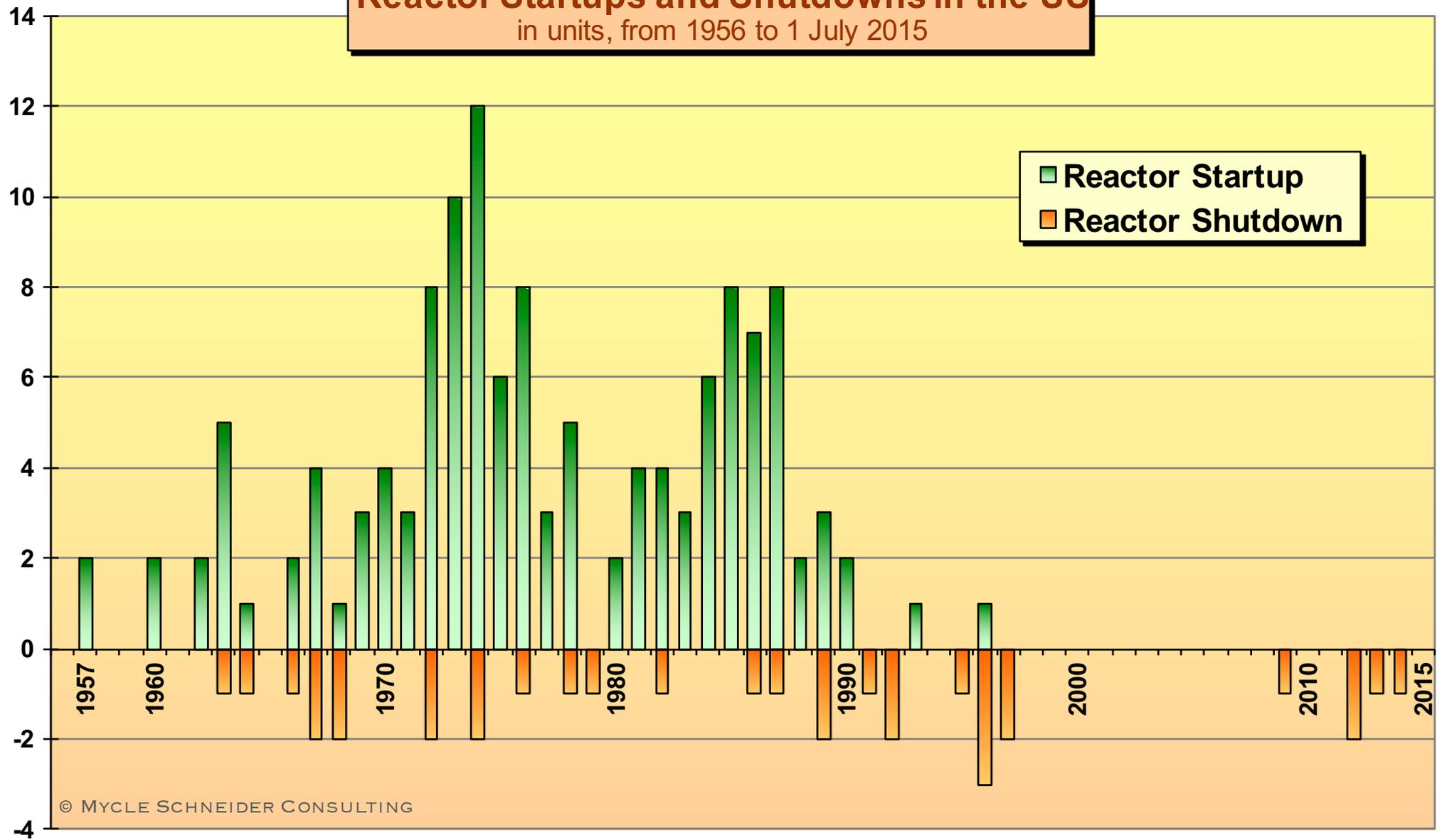


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Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

Reactor Startups and Shutdowns in the US

in units, from 1956 to 1 July 2015

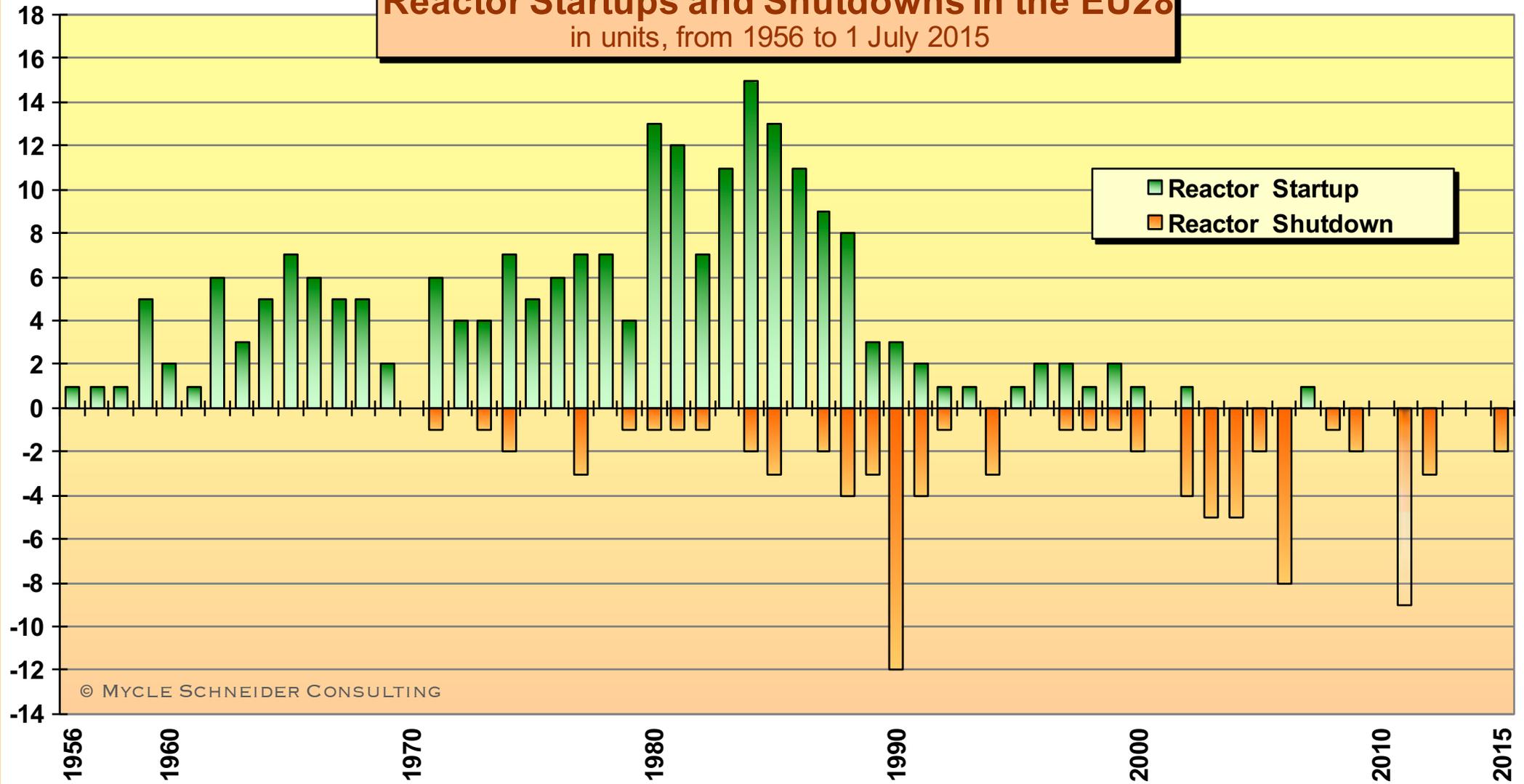


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Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

Reactor Startups and Shutdowns in the EU28

in units, from 1956 to 1 July 2015



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Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

Misleading Official Information on World Reactor Fleet

PRIS



The Database on Nuclear Power Reactors

The Power Reactor Information System (PRIS), developed and maintained by the IAEA for over four decades, is a comprehensive database focusing on nuclear power plants worldwide. PRIS contains information on power reactors in operation, under construction, or those being... [READ MORE »](#)

Registered User ENTRY

How to Register

SHORTCUTS

Select Country

Select Reactor

-  Nuclear Power Reactors in the World...
-  Operating Experience with NPP (OPEX)
-  PRIS STATISTICS – User's Manual

OVERVIEW

Current Status:

440 NUCLEAR POWER REACTORS IN OPERATION

381 055 MWe TOTAL NET INSTALLED CAPACITY

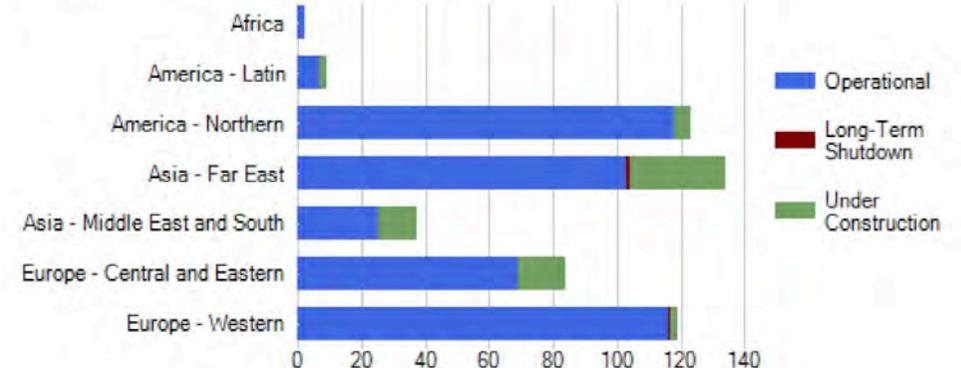
2 NUCLEAR POWER REACTORS IN LONG-TERM SHUTDOWN

66 NUCLEAR POWER REACTORS UNDER CONSTRUCTION



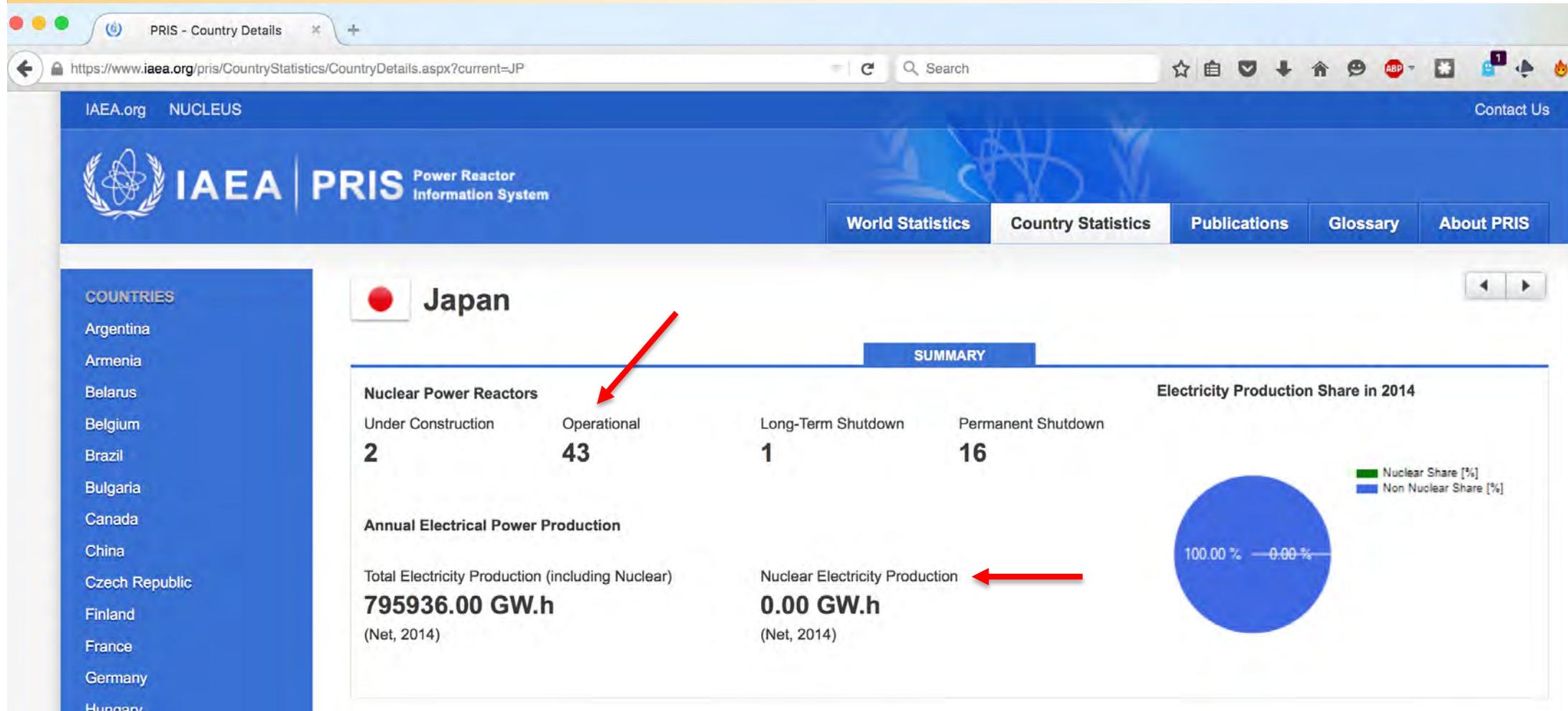
Regional Distribution of Nuclear Power Plants

(Click on the chart for more statistics)



Source: IAEA-PRIS, Screenshot, 5 November 2015

Misleading Official Information on Japan's Reactor Fleet



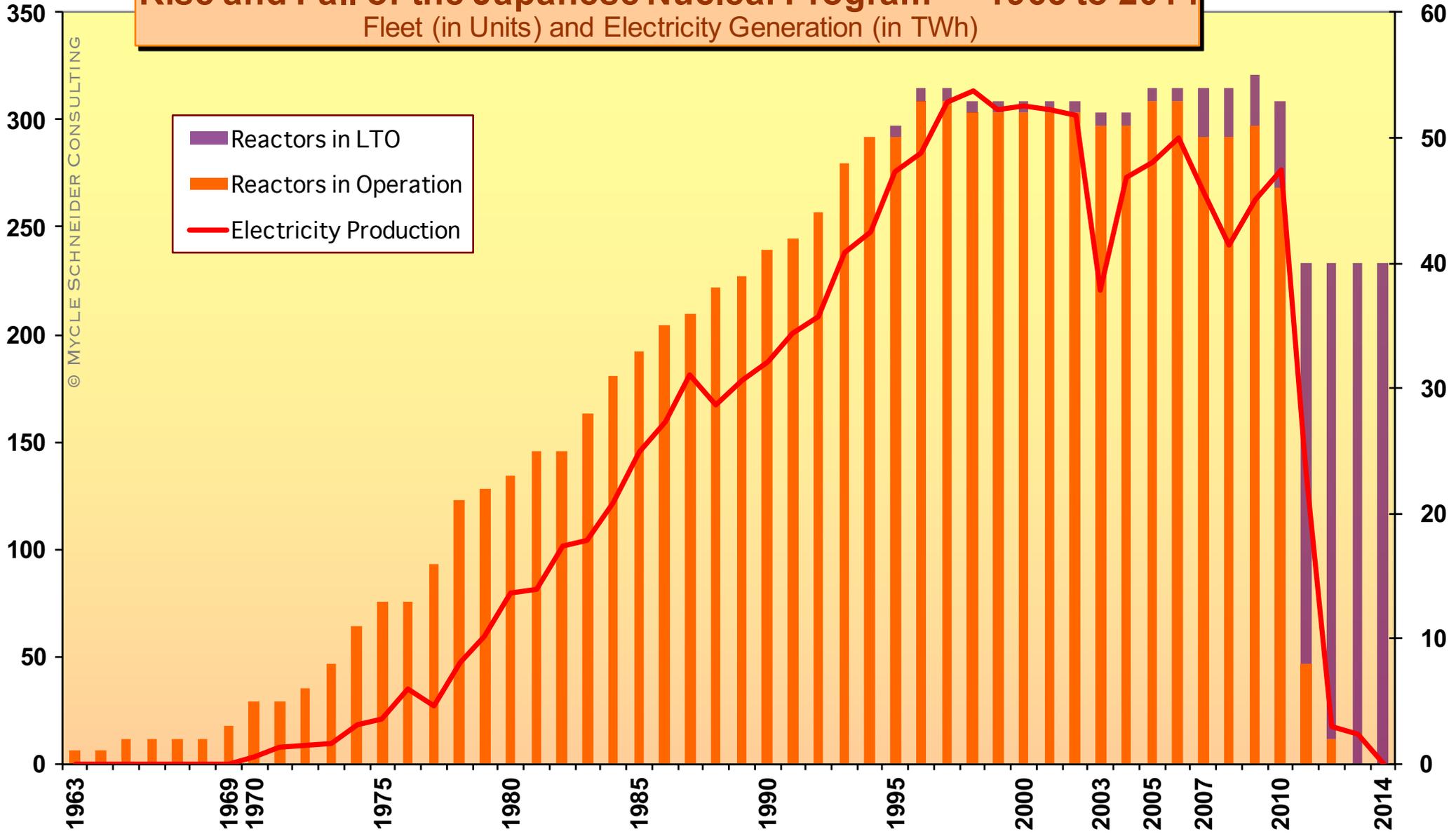
Source: IAEA-PRIS, Screenshot, 13 October 2015

TWh

Number of Reactors

Rise and Fall of the Japanese Nuclear Program — 1963 to 2014

Fleet (in Units) and Electricity Generation (in TWh)



Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

The WNISR2014 Establishes New Reactor Status Category: Long-Term Outage or LTO

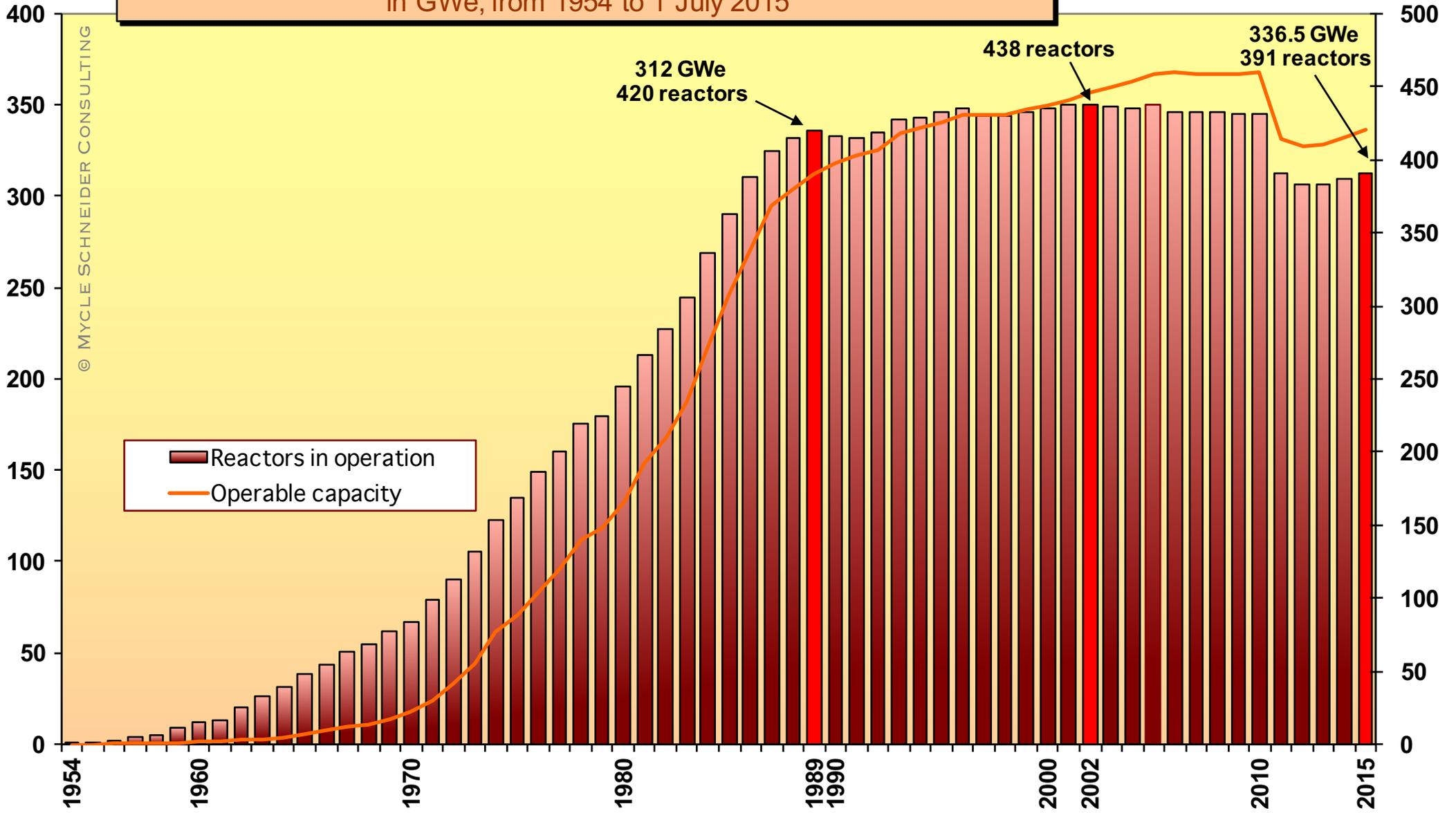
“A nuclear power reactor is considered in Long-Term Outage (LTO) if it has not generated any power in the entire previous calendar year and in the first semester of the current calendar year of the WNISR.”

41 reactors worldwide in LTO

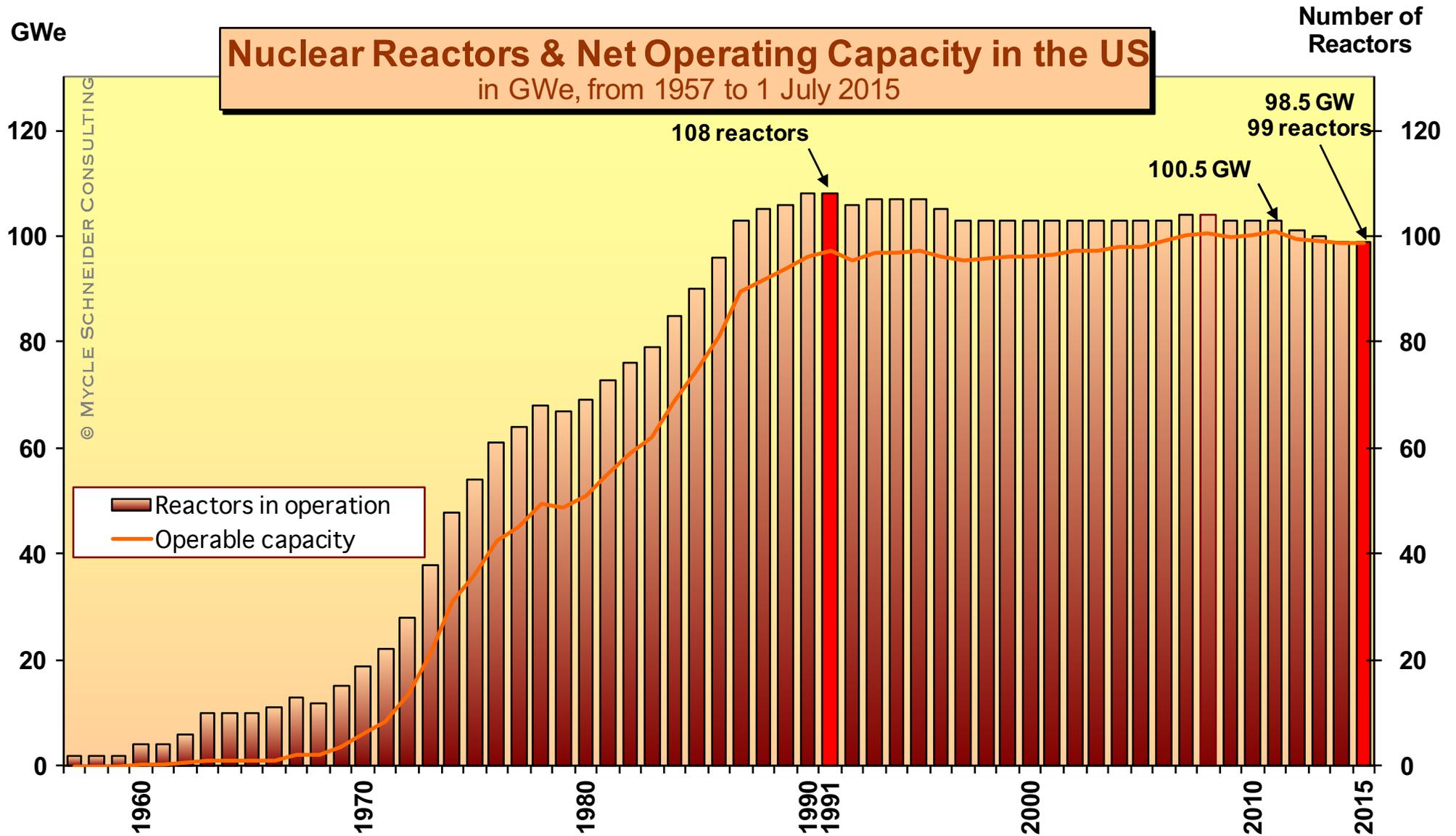
- 40 in Japan, shut down between 1995 and 2012
- 1 in Sweden (Oskarshamn-2), shut down in June 2013

Nuclear Reactors & Net Operating Capacity in the World

in GWe, from 1954 to 1 July 2015

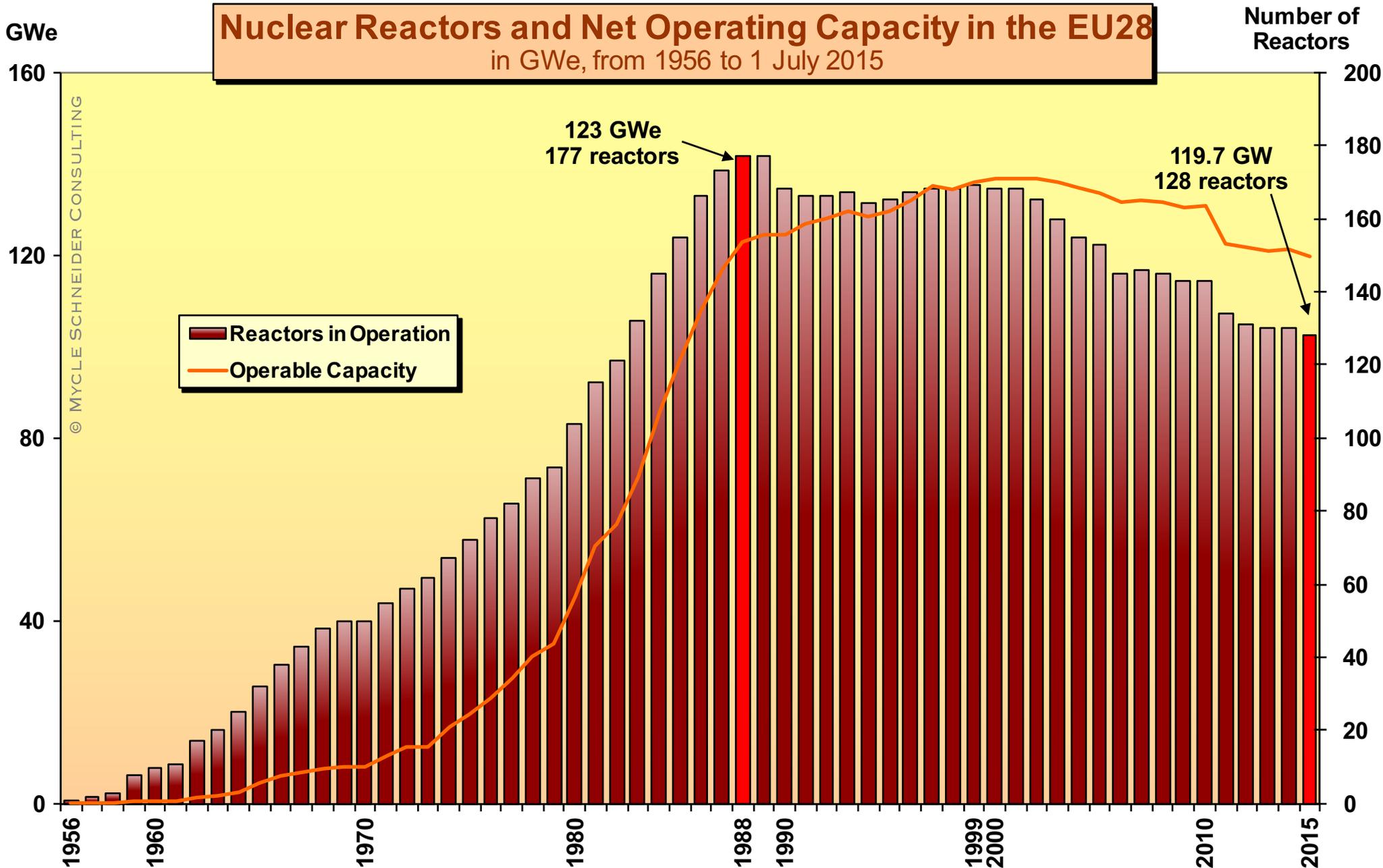


Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015



Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

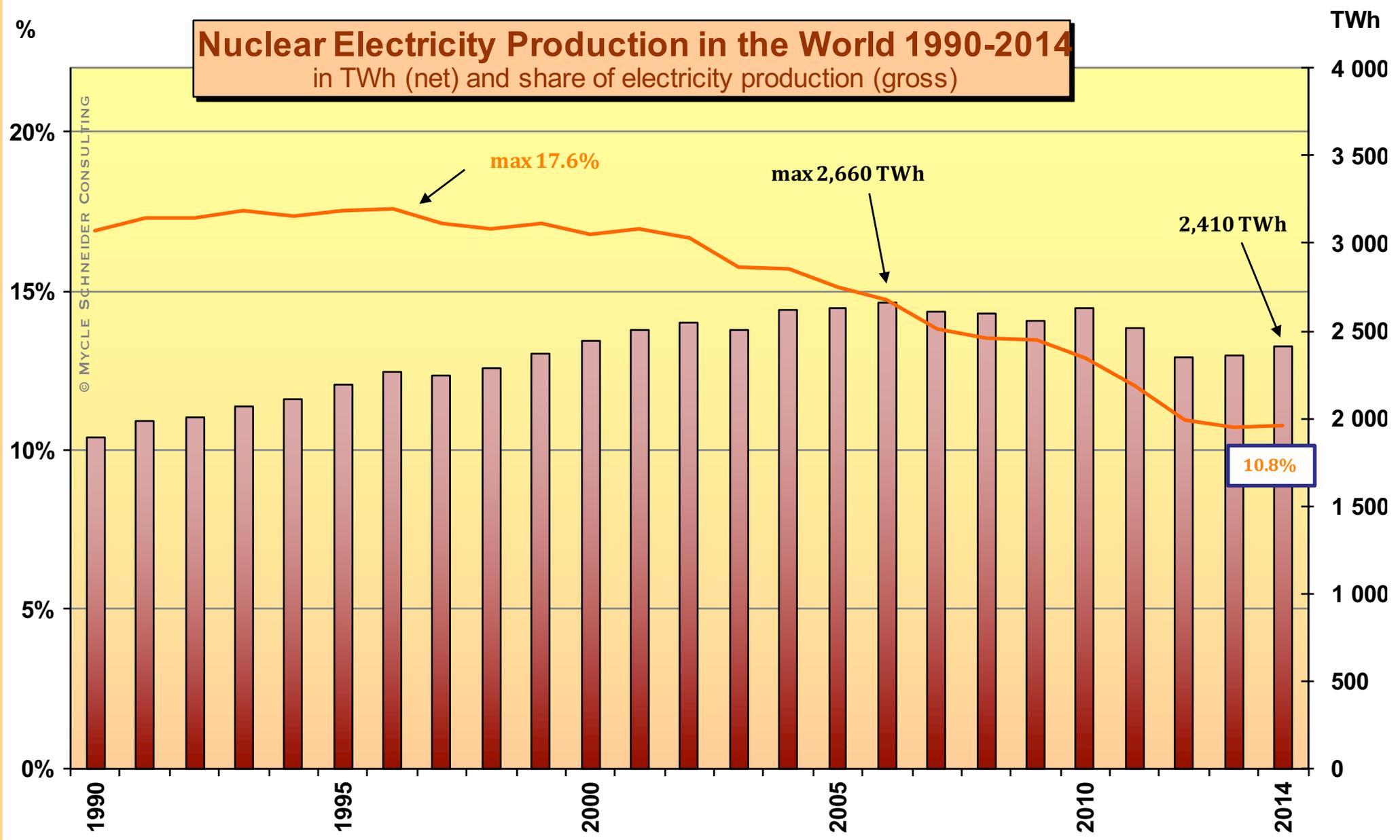
Nuclear Reactors and Net Operating Capacity in the EU28 in GWe, from 1956 to 1 July 2015



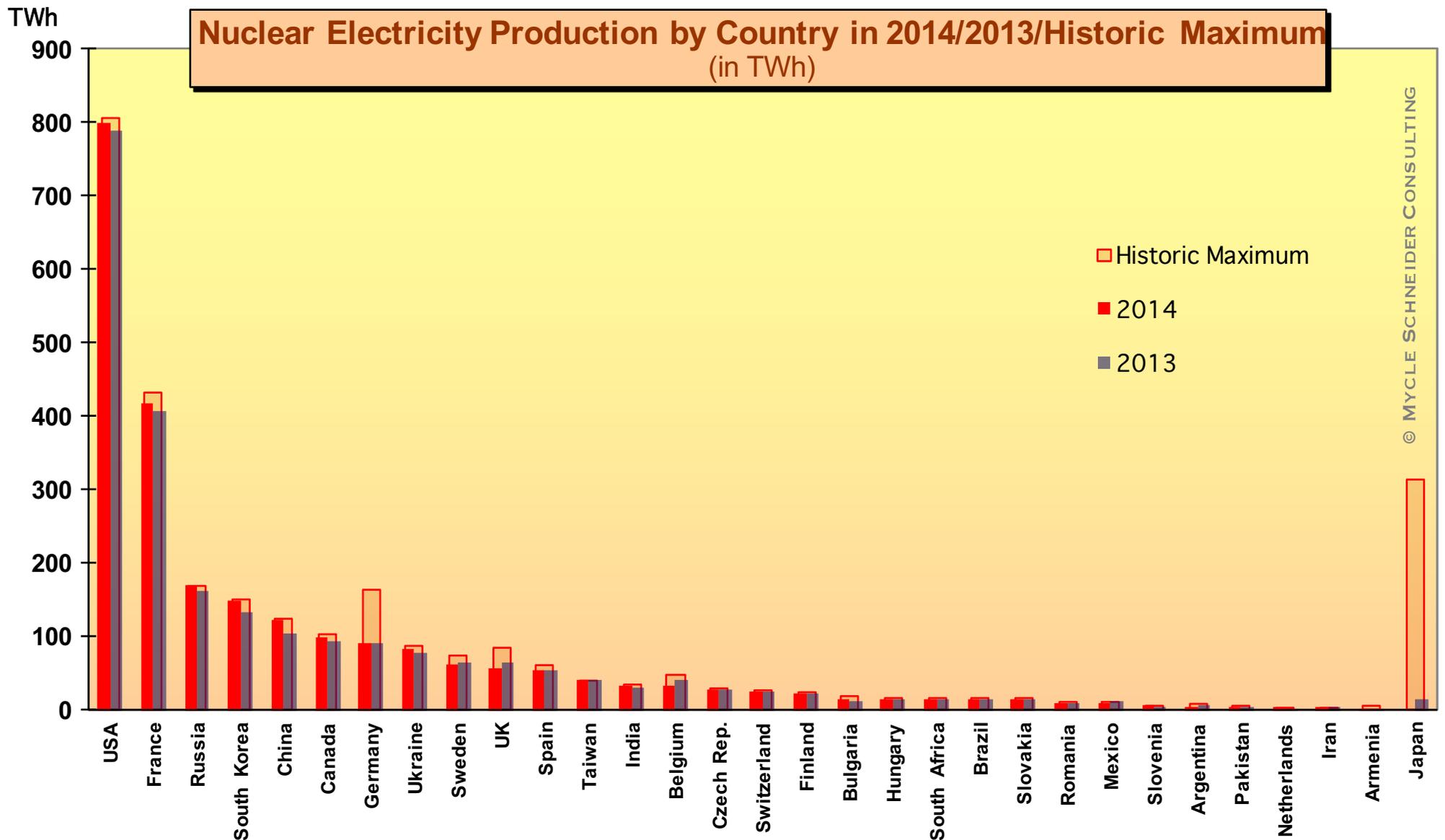
Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

Nuclear Electricity Production in the World 1990-2014

in TWh (net) and share of electricity production (gross)

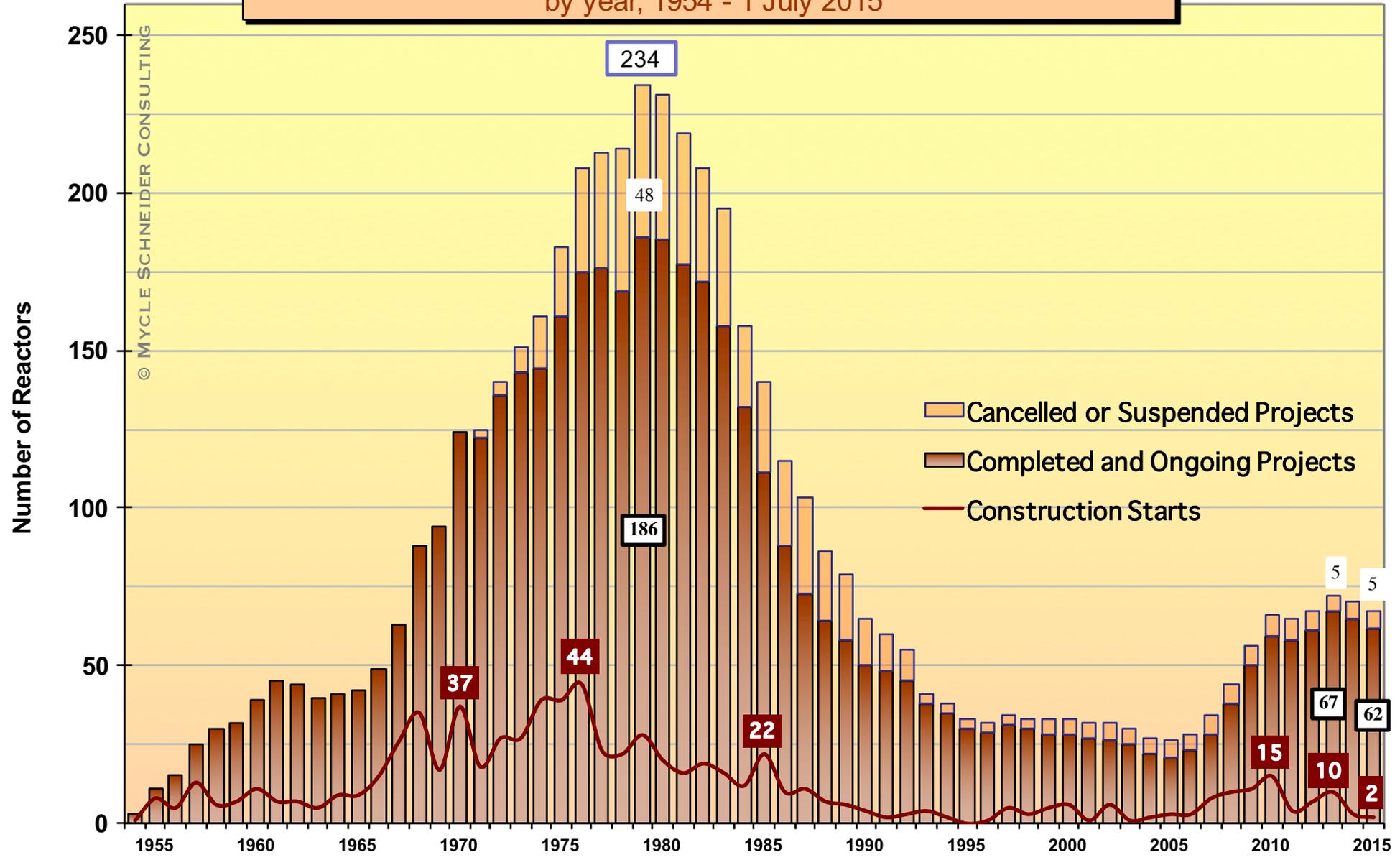


Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015



Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC 2015

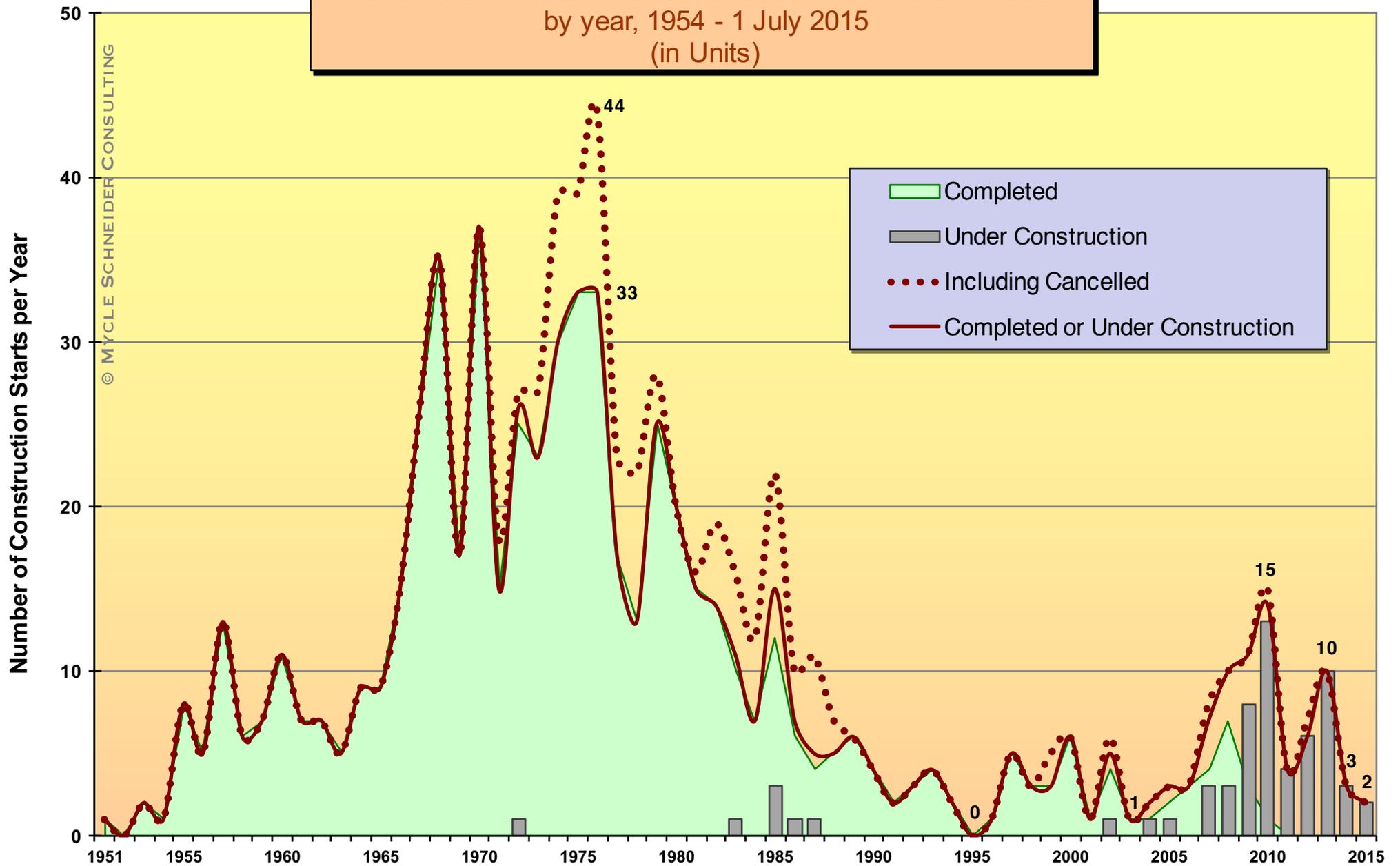
Number of Nuclear Reactors Listed as "Under Construction" by year, 1954 - 1 July 2015



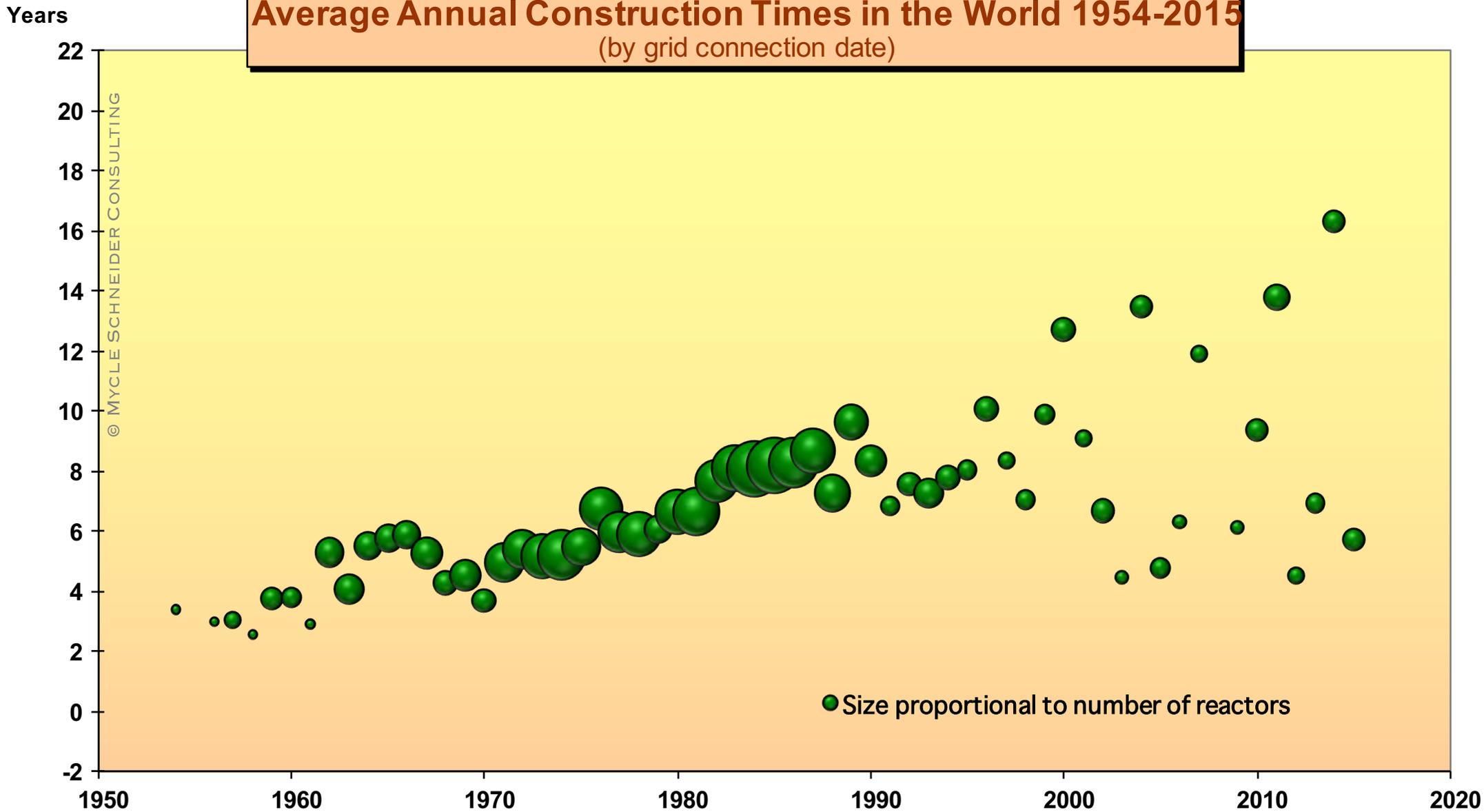
Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2014

Construction Starts of Nuclear Reactors in the World

by year, 1954 - 1 July 2015
(in Units)



Average Annual Construction Times in the World 1954-2015 (by grid connection date)



Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

Construction Times (in years)

Startups between 2005 and July 2015

| <i>Country</i> | <i>Units</i> | <i>Mean Time</i> | <i>Min</i> | <i>Max</i> |
|--------------------|--------------|------------------|------------|-------------|
| China | 18 | 5.7 | 4.4 | 11.2 |
| India | 7 | 7.3 | 5.1 | 11.6 |
| South Korea | 5 | 4.9 | 4 | 6.4 |
| Japan | 3 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 5.1 |
| Russia | 3 | 28.0 | 25.3 | 31.9 |
| Argentina | 1 | 32.9 | 32.9 | 32.9 |
| Iran | 1 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 36.3 |
| Pakistan | 1 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 |
| Romania | 1 | 24.1 | 24.1 | 24.1 |
| Total | 40 | 9.4 | 3.9 | 36.3 |

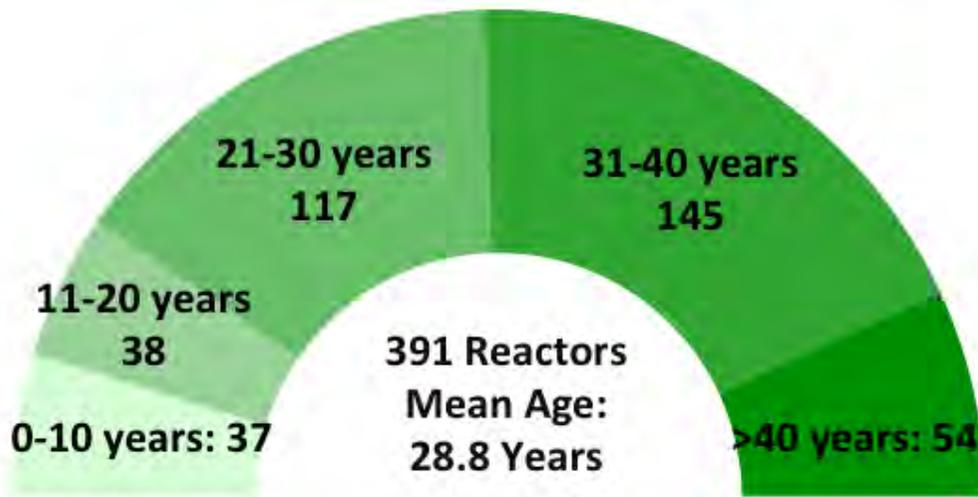
Sources: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

Reactors “Under Construction” in the World (1 July 2015)

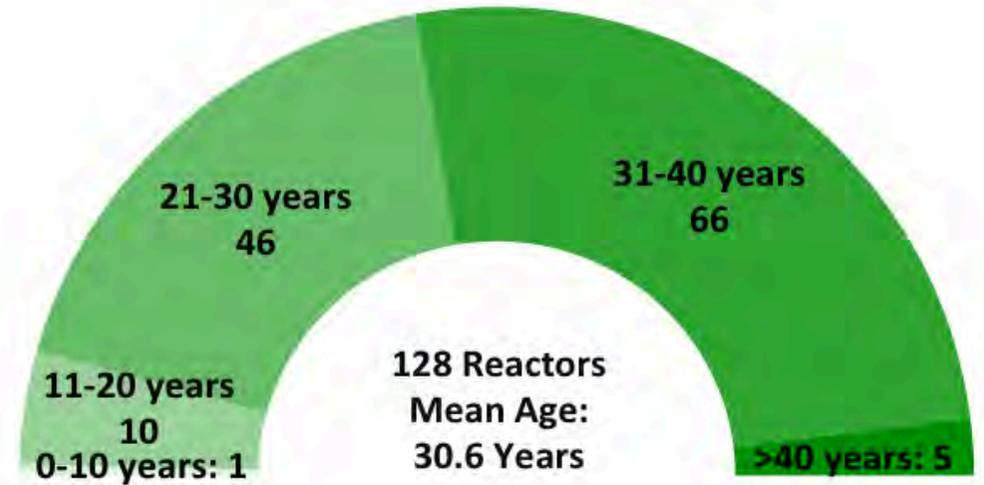
| Country | Units | MWe (net) | Construction Start | Planned Grid Connection | Delayed Startup (Units) |
|--------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| China | 24 | 23,738 | 2009-2015 | 2015-2021 | 15 |
| Russia | 8 | 6,262 | 1983-2010 | 2015-2019 | 8 |
| India | 6 | 3,907 | 2002-2011 | 2015-2019 | 6 |
| USA | 5 | 5,633 | 1972-2013 | 2016-2020 | 5 |
| South Korea | 4 | 5,360 | 2008-2013 | 2016-2018 | 4 |
| UAE | 3 | 4,035 | 2012-2014 | 2017-2019 | ? |
| Belarus | 2 | 2,218 | 2013-2014 | 2019-2020 | ? |
| Pakistan | 2 | 630 | 2011 | 2016-2017 | 2 |
| Slovakia | 2 | 880 | 1985 | 2016-2017 | 2 |
| Ukraine | 2 | 1,900 | 1986-1987 | 2019 | 2 |
| Argentina | 1 | 25 | 2014 | 2018 | ? |
| Brazil | 1 | 1,245 | 2010 | 2018 | 1 |
| Finland | 1 | 1,600 | 2005 | 2018 | 1 |
| France | 1 | 1,600 | 2007 | 2017 | 1 |
| Total | 62 | 59,033 | 1972-2015 | 2015-2021 | 47 |

Source: IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

Age of World Nuclear Fleet as of 1 July 2015



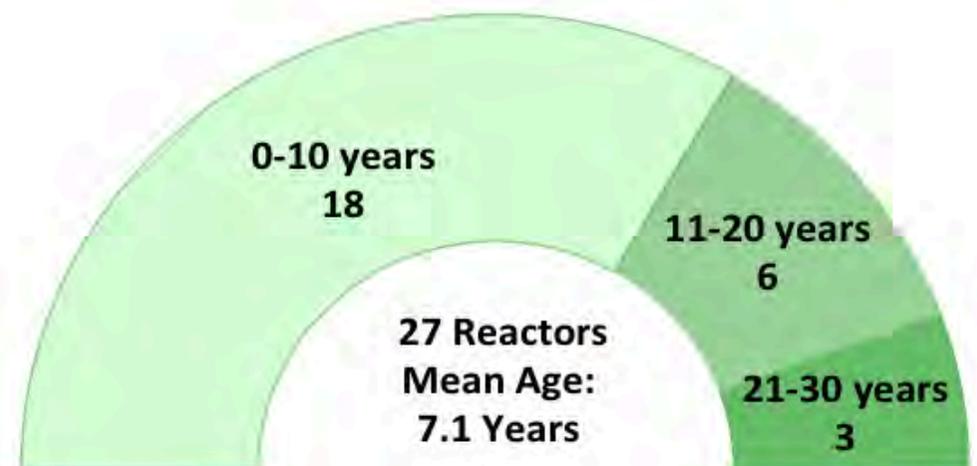
Age of EU Nuclear Fleet as of 1 July 2015



Age of US Nuclear Fleet as of 1 July 2015



Age of Chinese Nuclear Fleet as of 1 July 2015



“Is dismantling reactors the future of Westinghouse?”*

Early Closures Accelerate – Recent Cases from the US and Sweden

| | Shutdown | Relicensed | Reason | Age |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------|
| U.S. | | | | |
| Crystal River-3: | 2009 | Underway | Containment damage | 22 |
| San Onofre-2 and -3: | 2012 | Yes | Steam gen. damage | 28/29 |
| Kewaunee | 2013 | Yes | Economics | 39 |
| Vermont Yankee | 2014 | Yes | Economics | 42 |
| Pilgrim | 2017? | Yes | Economics | (45) |
| Fitzpatrick | 2016/17 | Yes | Economics | (41/42) |
| Sweden | | | | |
| Oskarshamn-1 | 2015? | Upgraded | Economics | (44) |
| Oskarshamn-2 | 2013 | Upgrade halted | Economics | 39 |
| Ringhals-1 | 2020 | Upgraded | Economics | (46) |
| Ringhals-2 | 2019 | Upgraded | Economics | (45) |

Sources: Various, compiled by MSC; *bizjournals.com, 2 Nov. 2015

Gen III+ Reactor Construction Times

- “Passive safety”, “modularisation”, “standardisation” to reduce delays/costs...
- No Gen III+ design in operation
- 3 designs with 18 reactors under construction:
 - 4 EPRs (AREVA)
 - 8 AP1000s (Toshiba/Westinghouse)
 - 6 AES-2006s (Rosatom)—Little reliable information.
- **EPR** — Cost estimates now 3 x over budget for EPR
 - site quality (welding, concrete) major causes of delay
 - Instrumentation & Control serious regulatory concern
 - Flamanville and Taishan (China) may be scrapped if manufacturing errors for pressure vessel lid & bottom are too serious.
- **AP1000**
 - Construction experience from 2009 in China and 2013 in USA: Longer delays in China than for EPRs and US units as European EPRs
 - Module production facilities: Coolant pumps caused serious problems in China.

Gen III+ Reactor Construction — Key Findings

- No evidence new designs cheaper than predecessors. Fukushima lessons mean costs likely to continue to increase.
- Claim that design could be simplified were an illusion. EPR based on old design with *added* safety so could hardly be simpler. AP1000 more modern but high cost and delays suggest no reduction in complexity.
- Modularisation moved quality problems from site to factory.
- Standardisation for 40 years with no success. Technology still not mature, ordering rates too low, national regulators' requirements differ. Generic design approval impossible without standardisation.

Hinkley Point C: EDF's Waterloo in the Making?

UK ENERGY POLICY

Bloomberg
NEW ENERGY FINANCE



Michael Liebreich @MLiebreich · Jun 28

Breaking! First picture of the UK's #HinkleyC #nuclear power station...



77



50



Image: Wikimedia Commons

Michael Liebreich

BNEF EMEA Summit, London, 12 October 2015

@MLiebreich

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Investment bank Investec has advised clients to sell shares in French energy group EDF amid fears that its connection with the nuclear plant at Hinkley Point C could put payouts to shareholders under threat. The nuclear development was trumpeted last week as the Chinese government confirmed plans to invest £6 billion in EDF's scheme to build the power station in Somerset.

This is Money, 25 October 2015

French Nuclear Companies in Trouble

EDF — World's Largest Nuclear Power Operator

- 4.5%/a operating cost increase 2007-2012
 - Loss of €1.5 billion in 2012
 - Need for significant tariff increases
- Stock value plunged $\approx 80\%$ (up to 85%) since 2007
- High debt €34.2bn (€37.5bn 1st half year 2015) for turnover of €73bn

AREVA — “Global Leader in Nuclear Energy”

- Technically bankrupt
- Loss of €4.8bn (almost €8bn in 4 years = annual turnover)
- High debt €5.8bn (€6bn 1st half year 2015) for turnover of €8.3bn
- Stock value plunged by $>90\%$ since 2007
- Standard & Poor's downgraded AREVA shares to BB+ (“junk”) in November 2014 and again to BB- in March 2015

Sources: Company websites; Standard & Poor's

Stock Price Development EDF vs. CAC40



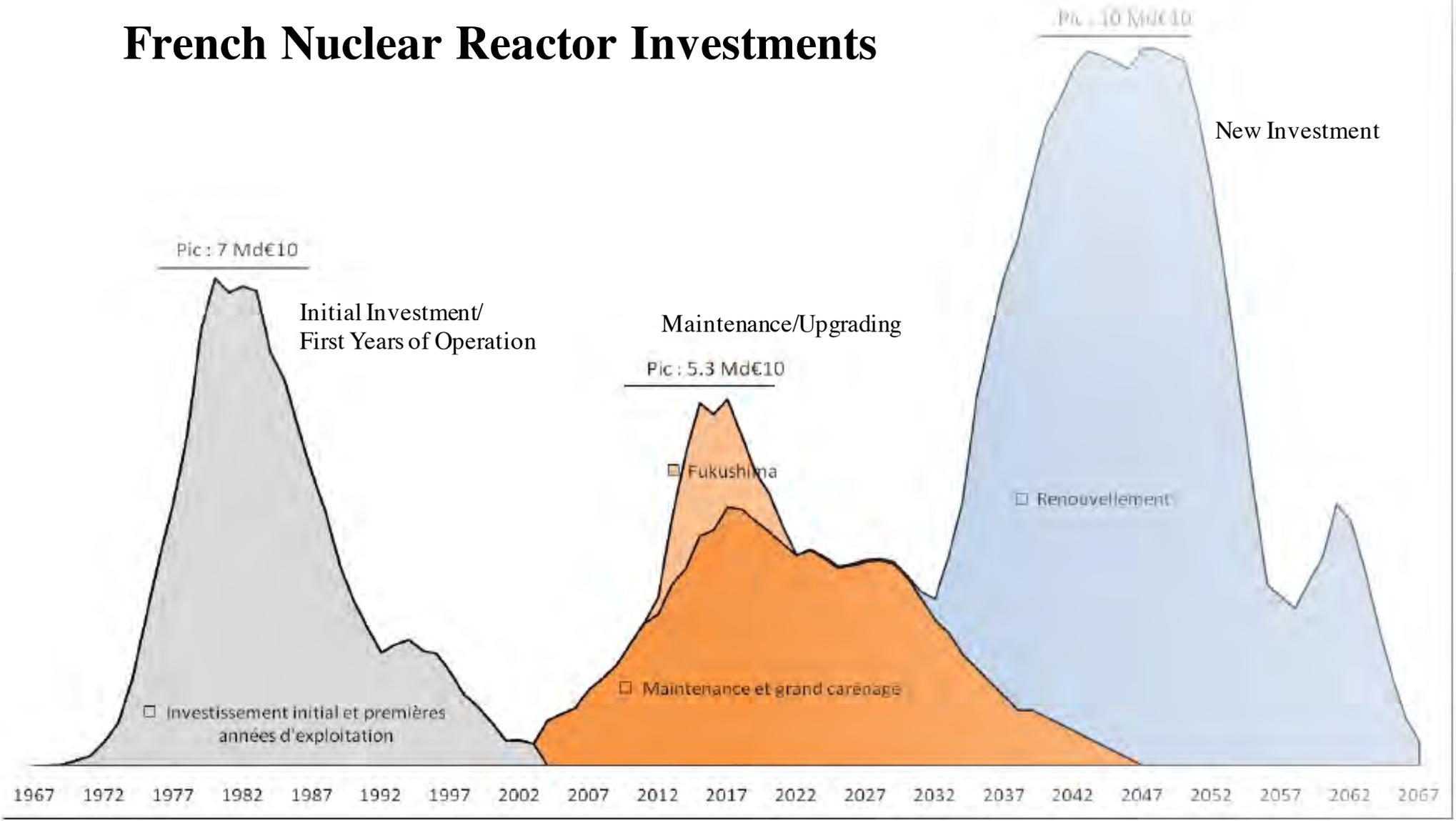
Source: <http://finance.yahoo.com>, 4 November 2015

Stock Price Development AREVA vs. CAC40



Source: Le Figaro – Bourse, 4 November 2015

French Nuclear Reactor Investments



EDF CIPN - AAI CIPN - 3^{ème} Rendez Vous Business du nucléaire civil en PACA - 23/11/2011

Traditional Utilities Under Pressure

The 20 largest European energy utilities lost over half of the €1 trillion stock market value since 2008, some a lot more.

Europe's electricity providers face an existential threat.

The Economist, London, October 2013

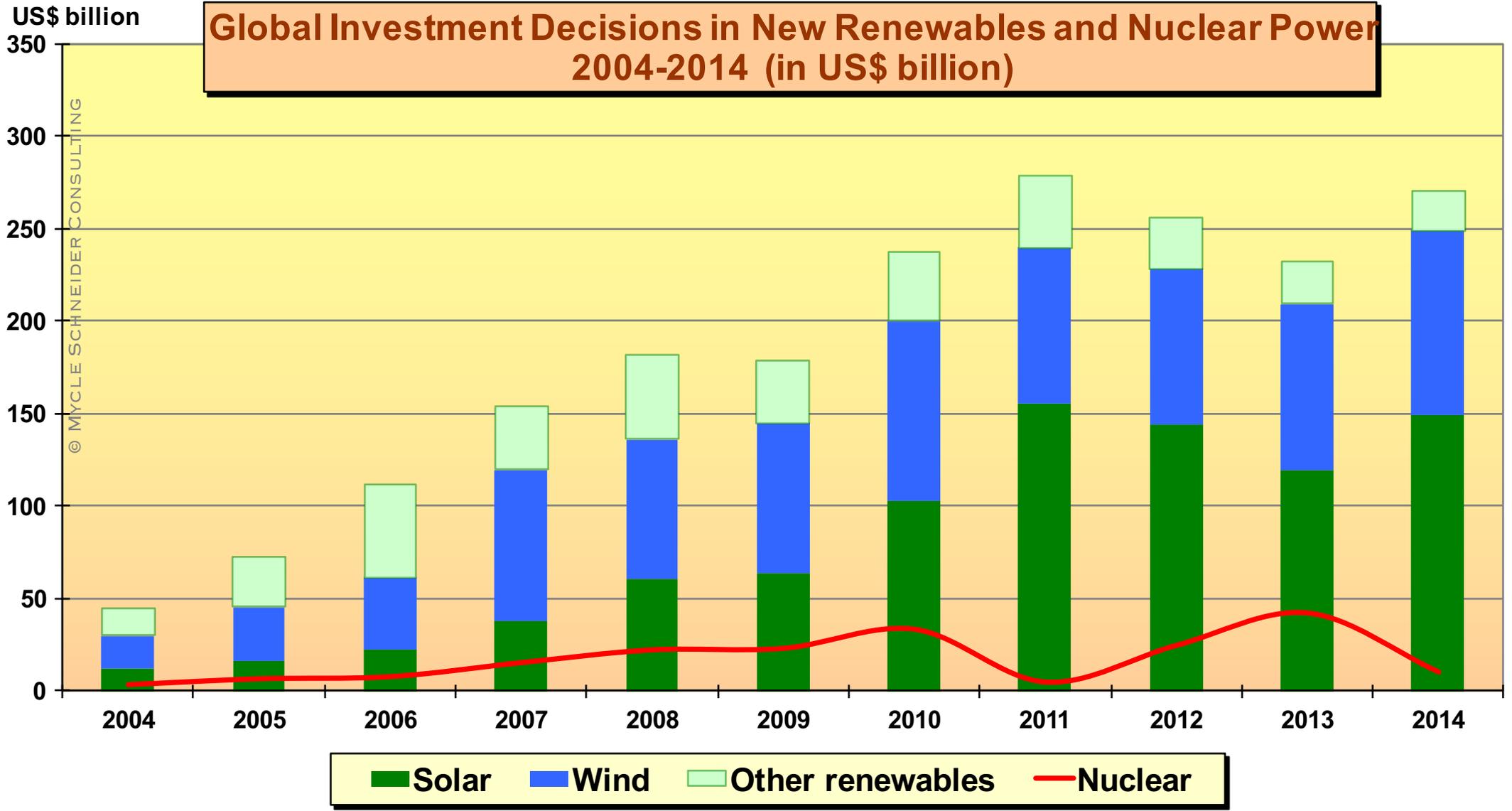
Utility business models are threatened by the dramatic growth in the deployment of technologies that generate electricity onsite or at the distribution grid level.

Navigant Research, Boulder, USA, August 2014

A new technological paradigm in electricity and the end of the reign of the large-scale utilities.

Institute for Public Policy Research, London, September 2014

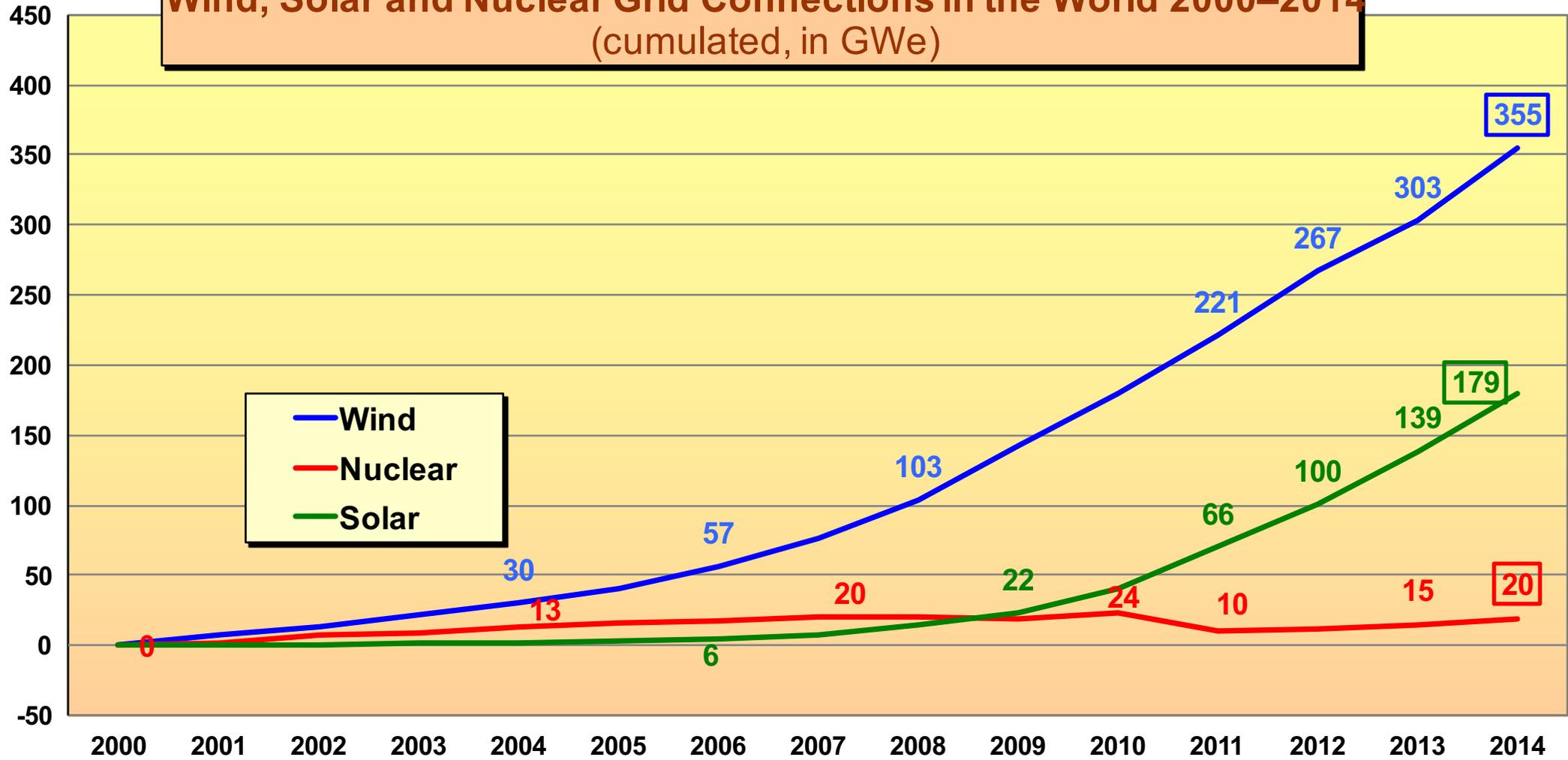
Global Investment Decisions in New Renewables and Nuclear Power 2004-2014 (in US\$ billion)



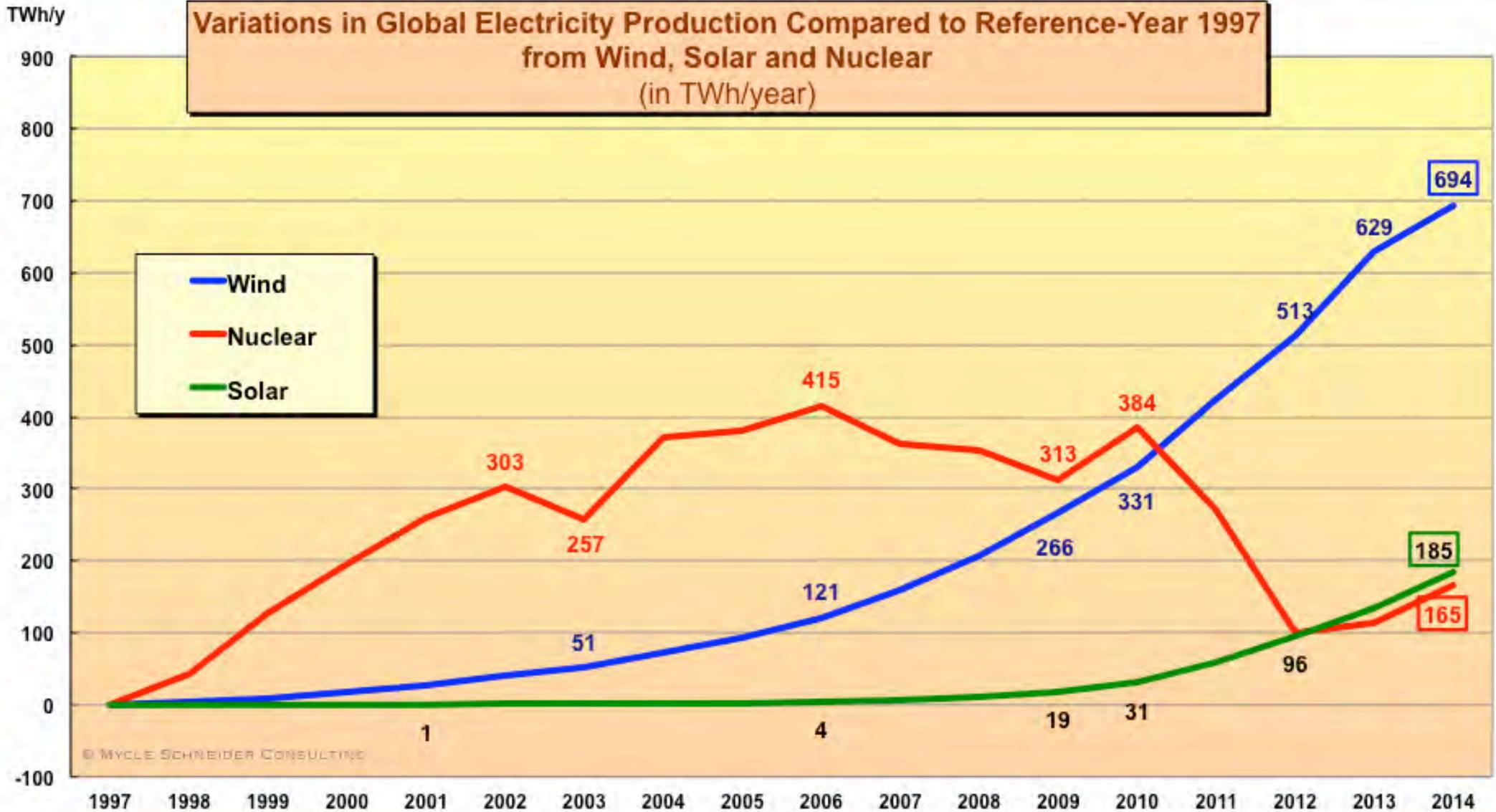
Source: FS-UNEP – BNEF 2015 and WNISR original research

GWe

Wind, Solar and Nuclear Grid Connections in the World 2000–2014 (cumulated, in GWe)



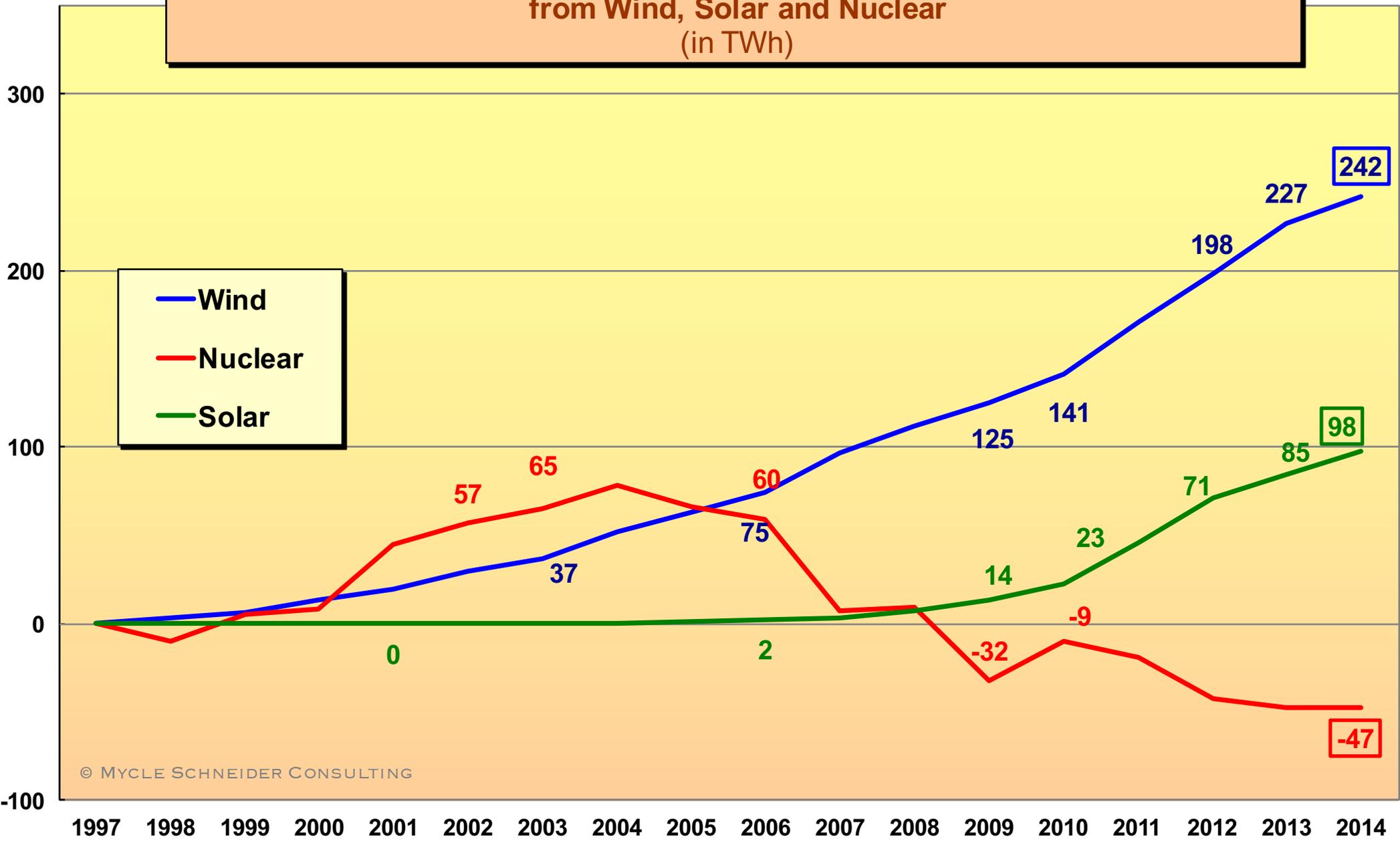
Source: WNISR, BP Statistical Review 2015



Sources: BP, IAEA-PRIS, MSC, 2015

TWh/

Variations in Electricity Production Compared to Reference-Year 1997 in the EU
from Wind, Solar and Nuclear
(in TWh)

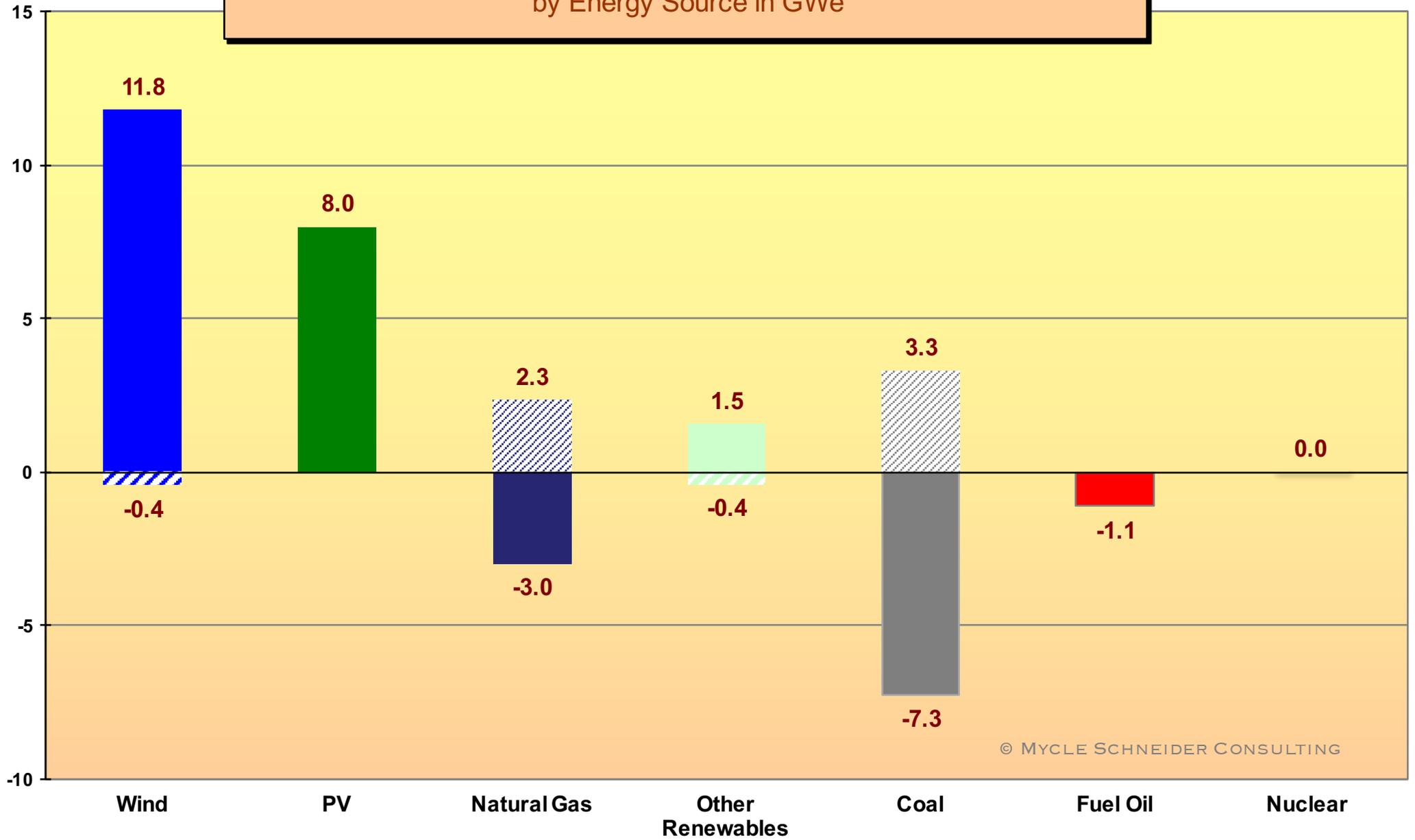


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Source: IAEA-PRIS, BP, MSC 2015

GWe

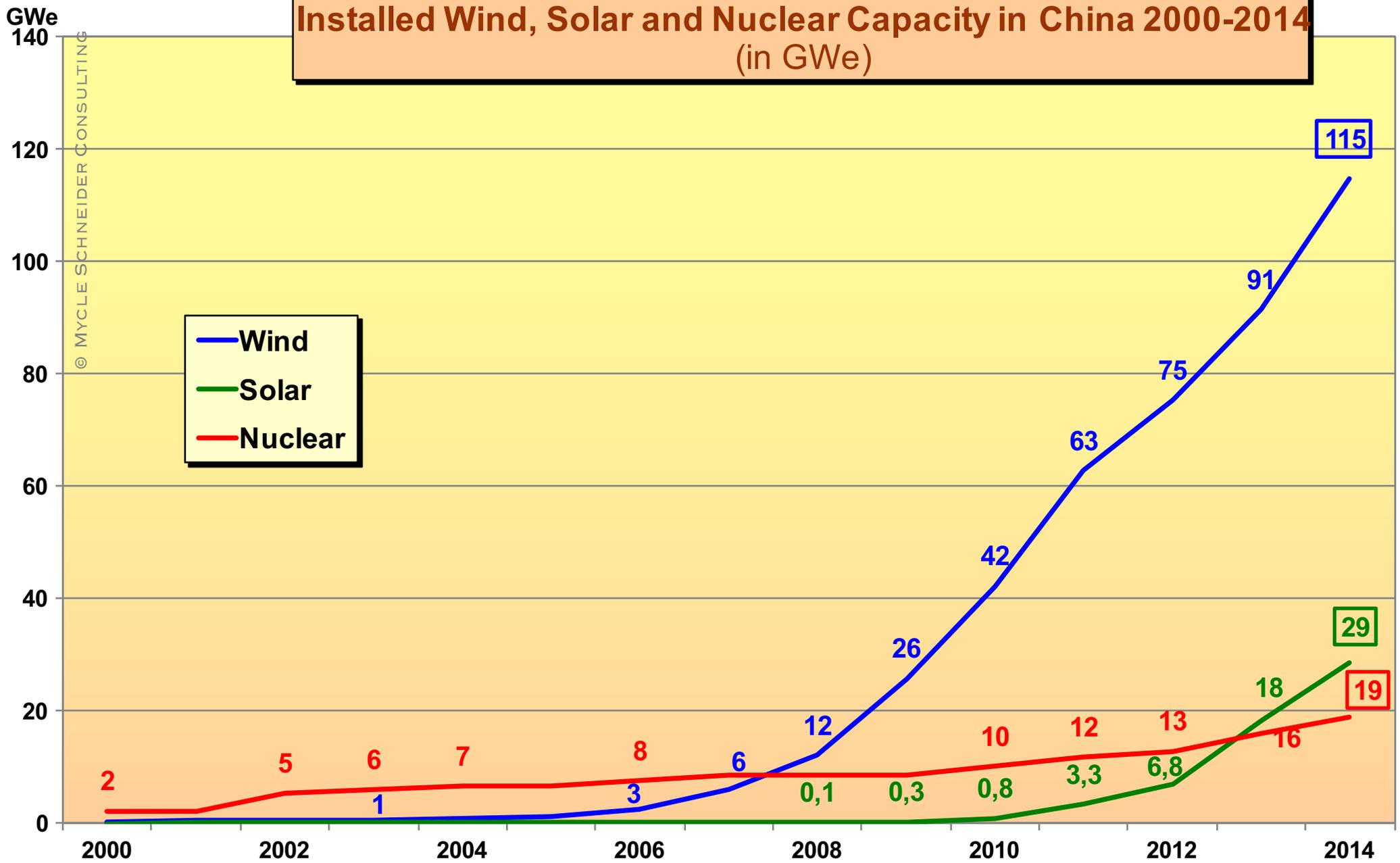
Startup and Shutdown of Electricity Generating Capacity in the EU 2014
by Energy Source in GWe



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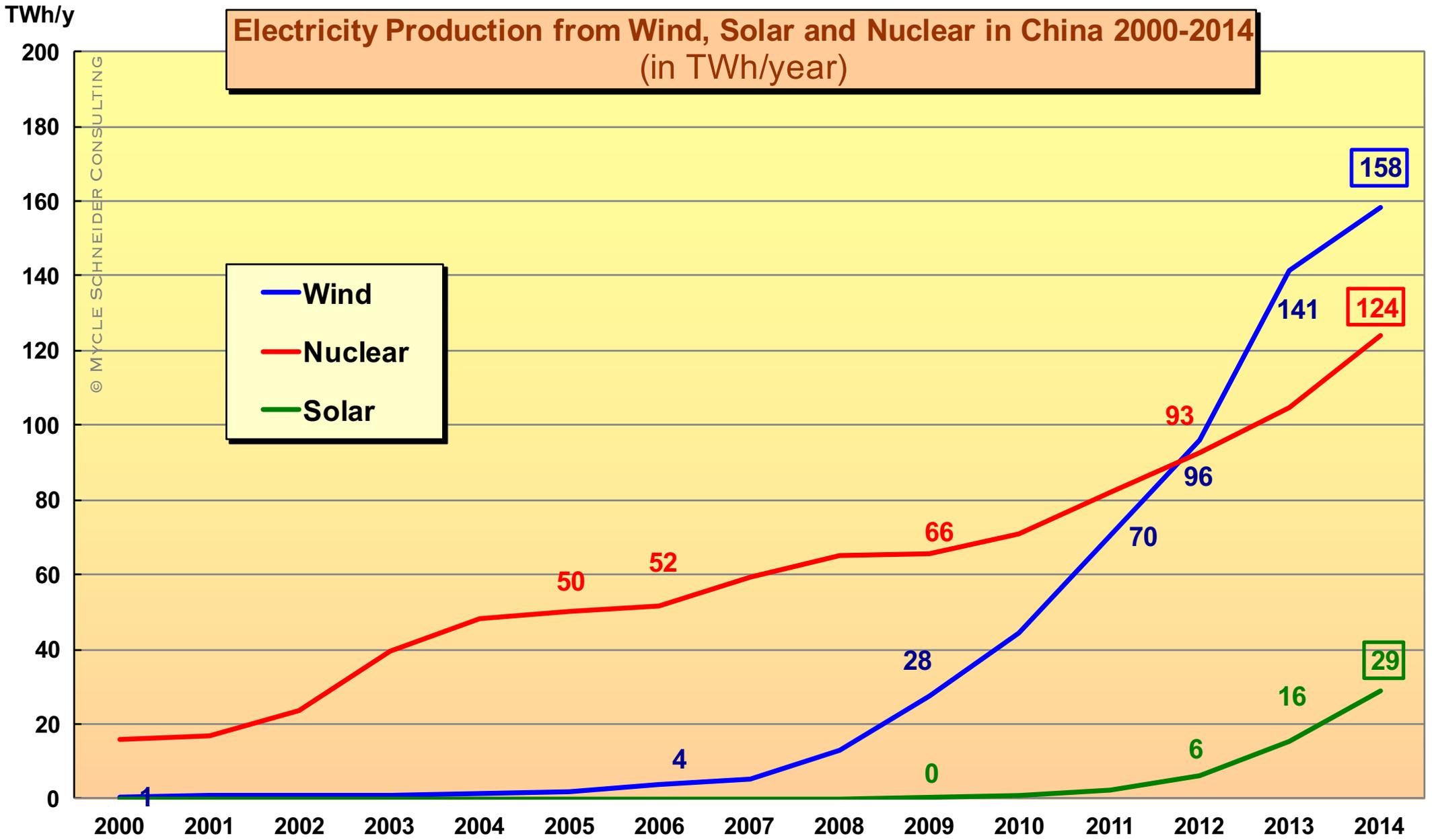
Source: EWEA 2015

Installed Wind, Solar and Nuclear Capacity in China 2000-2014 (in GWe)



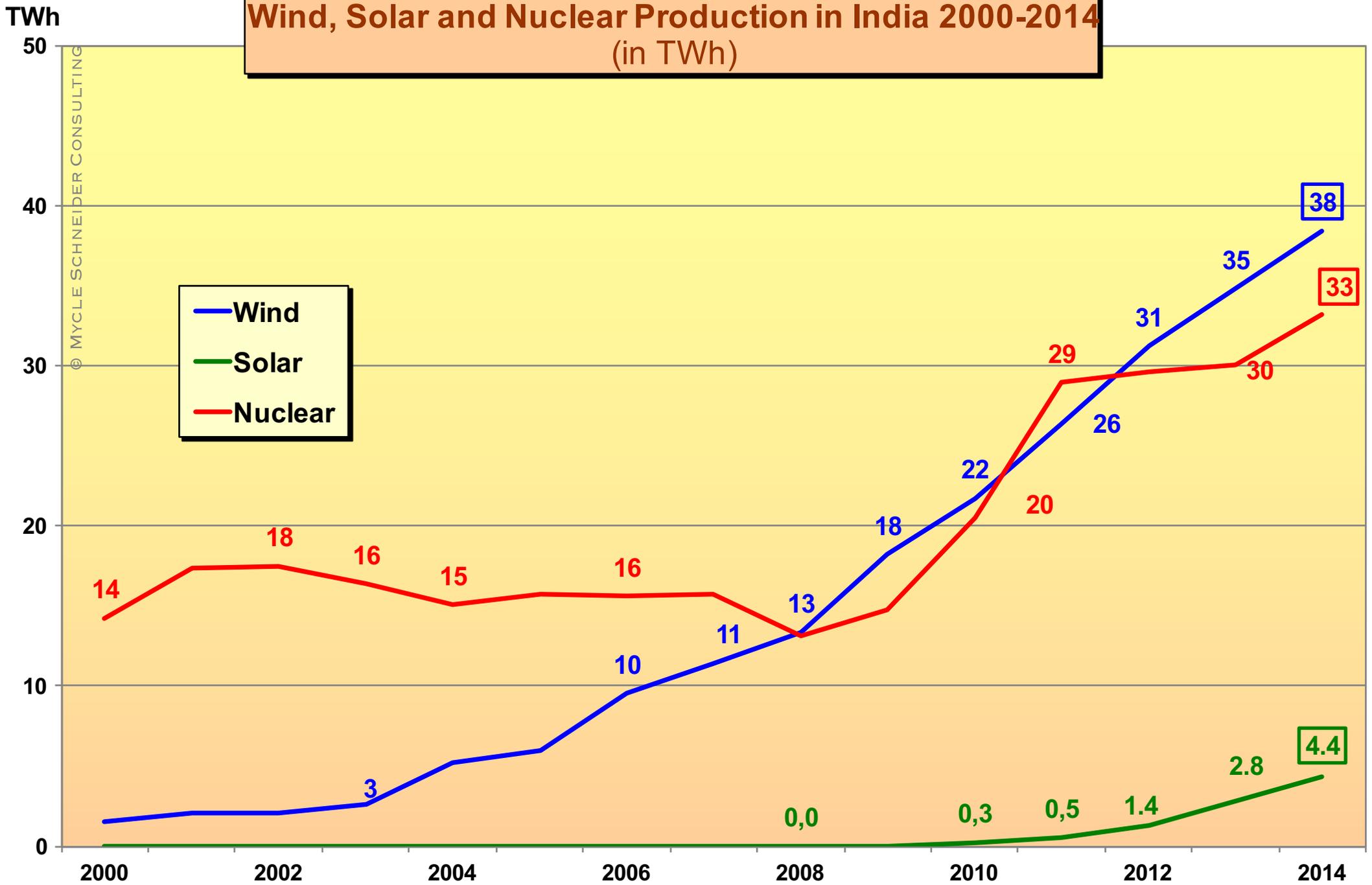
Source: EPIC, IAEA-PRIS, GWEC 2015

Electricity Production from Wind, Solar and Nuclear in China 2000-2014 (in TWh/year)



Source: BP 2015, IAEA-PRIS 2015

Wind, Solar and Nuclear Production in India 2000-2014 (in TWh)



Abschließende Bemerkungen

- Die meisten Indikatoren zeigen, dass die Rolle der Atomkraft auf den weltweiten Energiemärkten schrumpft. Alle Höchstwerte, ob bei Anzahl und Leistung der Reaktoren, Stromproduktion oder neue Baustellen, wurden bereits vor vielen Jahren erreicht.
- Die Position der Atomkraft auf dem Strommarkt gerät zunehmend unter Druck, bei steigenden Produktionskosten und harter Konkurrenz durch die Erneuerbaren sinkt der Kundenstamm und sein Stromverbrauch,
- Atomunternehmen und Energieversorgungsunternehmen leiden unter hohen Schulden, schwindenden Gewinnmargen und sinkenden Großhandelspreisen.

Quotes on the WNISR

- Steve Kidd, former head of strategy of the World Nuclear Association (WNA): “Hence well-researched and articulate critiques against the concept of any nuclear growth (and notably of nuclear playing a substantial role in mitigating climate change) such as the annual World Nuclear Industry Status Report, are becoming increasingly difficult to ignore.” (NIW, 17 July 2015)
- In its latest update for Members the WNA reported that its Fuel Report Working Group "discussed the merits of producing an annual nuclear capacity scenario update. Such an update would be a useful communications tool and a counter to the industry-critical World Nuclear Industry Status Report".

Thank You!

Contact: mycle@orange.fr

www.WorldNuclearReport.org - online now!